## Human Gas Exchange System Cut and Stick Answers



| Name of Part | Description |
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| trachea | The tube through which air travels from the mouth and nose to the <br> lungs. Also known as the windpipe. |
| bronchi <br> (singular: bronchus) | The two tubes that lead from the trachea into the lungs. |
| bronchioles | Small tubes that lead from the bronchi to the alveoli. |
| alveoli <br> (singular: alveolus) | Tiny air sacs arranged in clusters throughout the lungs. They provide <br> a large surface area for gas exchange to take place. |
| intercostal muscles | Muscles found between the ribs. They contract and relax to help move <br> air into and out of the lungs. |
| diaphragm | A dome-shaped, flat muscle that sits underneath the ribcage. It <br> contracts and relaxes to change the volume of the chest, causing <br> the movement of air into and out of the lungs. |
| ribs | The bones that protect the organs in the chest. |
| lungs | A pair of organs through which air is moved in and out when we <br> breathe. |

